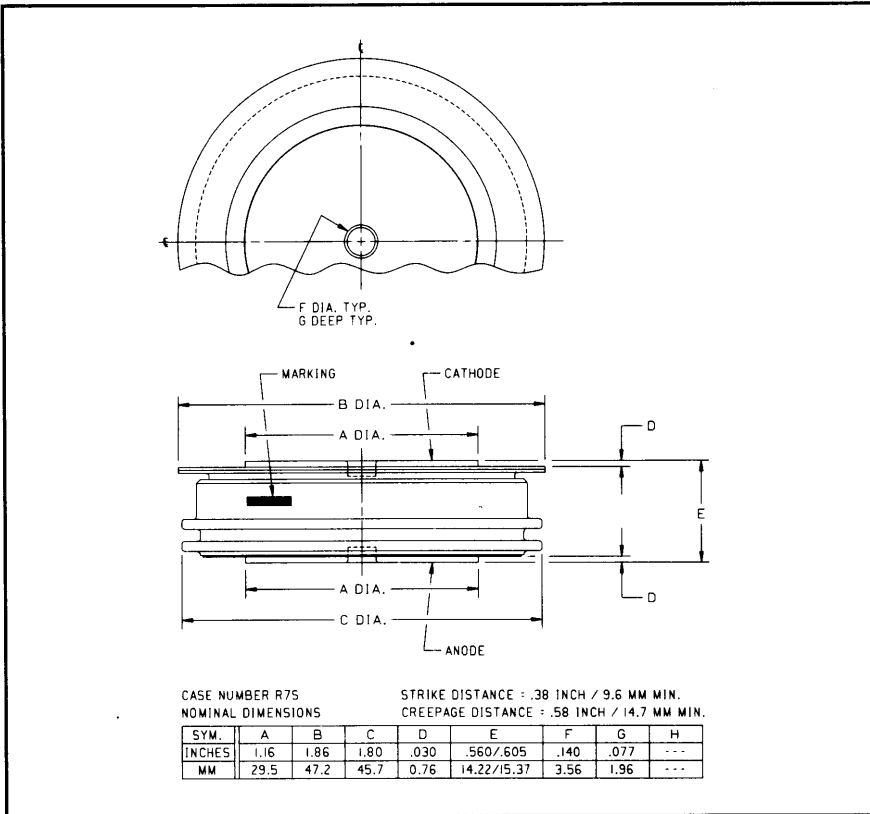
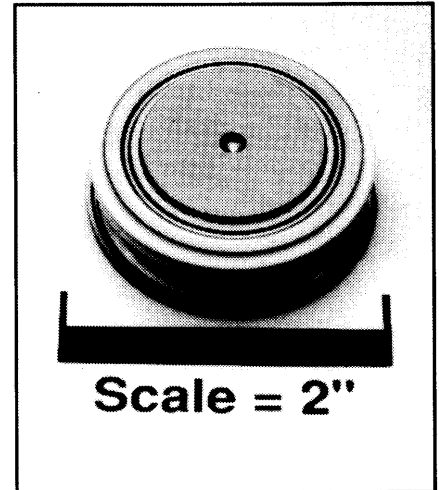


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 Powerex, Europe, S.A. 428 Avenue G. Durand, BP107, 72003 Le Mans, France (43) 41.14.14

Fast Recovery Rectifier
 800 Amperes Average
 2600 Volts



R7S2_08 (Outline Drawing)



R7S2_08
 Fast Recovery Rectifier
 800 Amperes Average, 2600 Volts

Ordering Information:

Select the complete part number you desire from the following table:

Type	Voltage		Current		Recovery Time		Leads	
	V _{RRM} (Volts)	Code	I _{F(av)} (A)	Code	t _{rr} (μsec)	Code	Case	Code
R7S2	400	04	800	08	5.0	AS	R7S	00
	600	06						
	800	08						
	1000	10						
	1200	12						
	1400	14						
	1600	16						
	1800	18						
	2000	20						
	2200	22						
	2600	26						

Example: Type R7S2 rated at 800A average with V_{RRM} = 2600V,
 Recovery Time = 5.0 μsec, order as:

Type	Voltage	Current	Time	Leads
R 7 S 2	2 6	0 8	AS	O O

Features:

- Fast Recovery Times
- Soft Recovery Characteristics
- High Surge Current Ratings
- Special Selection of t_{rr} and Q_{rr} Available
- Low Thermal Impedance
- Low Profile Package

Applications:

- Inverters
- Choppers
- Transmitters
- Free Wheeling Diode



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Characteristics	Symbol	R7S2_08	Units
RMS Forward Current	$I_{F(rms)}$	1250	Amperes
Average Forward Current	$I_{F(av)}$	800	Amperes
One-half Cycle Surge Current	I_{FSM}	9500	Amperes
i^2t (for Fusing), Times = 8.3 milliseconds	i^2t	376000	A^2sec
Max. i^2t Package (for Times = 8.3 milliseconds)	i^2t	50×10^6	A^2sec
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +190	$^{\circ}C$
Operating Temperature	T_j	-40 to +150	$^{\circ}C$
Mounting Force		2000 to 2400	lbs

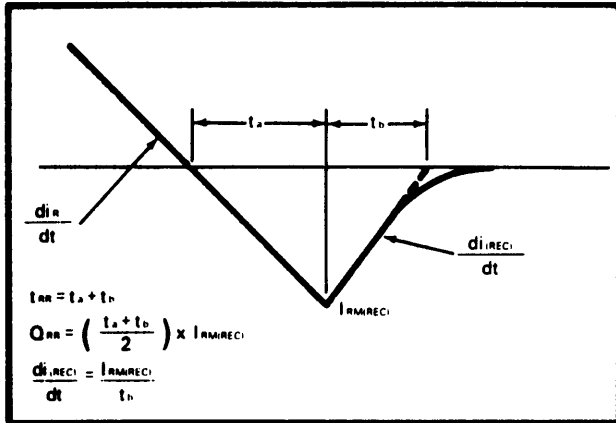
Electrical and Thermal Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	R7S2_08	Units
Current - Conducting State Maximums				
Forward Voltage Drop	V_{FM}	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C, V_{FM} = 1500A$	1.65	Volts
Voltage - Blocking State Maximums				
Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage (Rated Limit)	V_{RRM}		2600	Volts
Non-rep. Trans. Peak Rev. Voltage (Rated Limit)	V_{RSM}	$t \leq 5.0msec$	2800	Volts
Reverse Leakage Current, mA peak	I_{RRM}	T_j at max., $V_{RRM} = \text{Rated}$	50	mA
Switching				
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$I_{FM} = 1500, t_p = 190 \mu sec,$ $di_F/dt = 25A/\mu sec, T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	5.0	μsec
Thermal				
Maximum Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta(j-c)}$		0.035	$^{\circ}C/Watt$
Maximum Resistance, Case to Sink (Lubricated)	$R_{\theta(c-s)}$		0.020	$^{\circ}C/Watt$

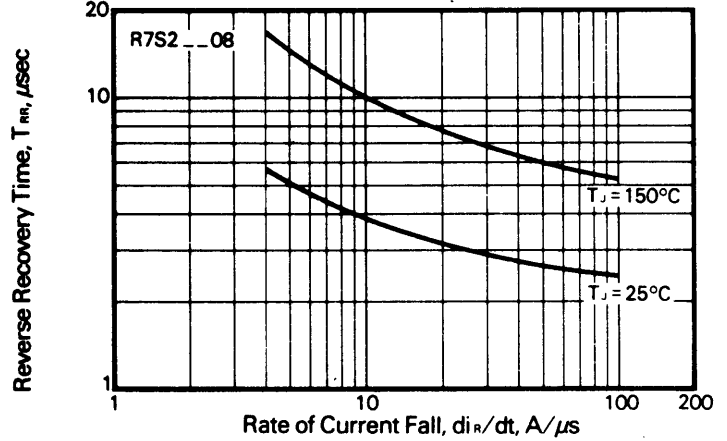
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R7S2__08
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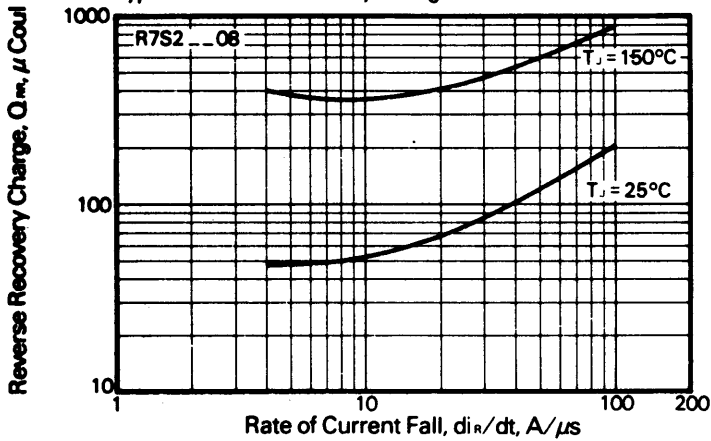
Reverse Recovery Wave Form



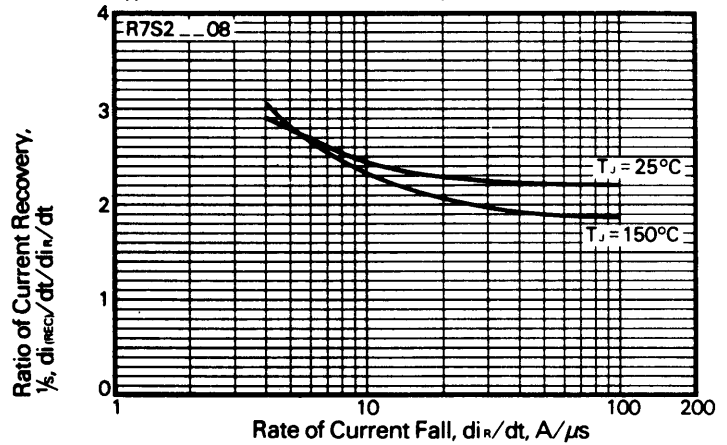
Typical Reverse Recovery Time vs. Rate of Current Fall



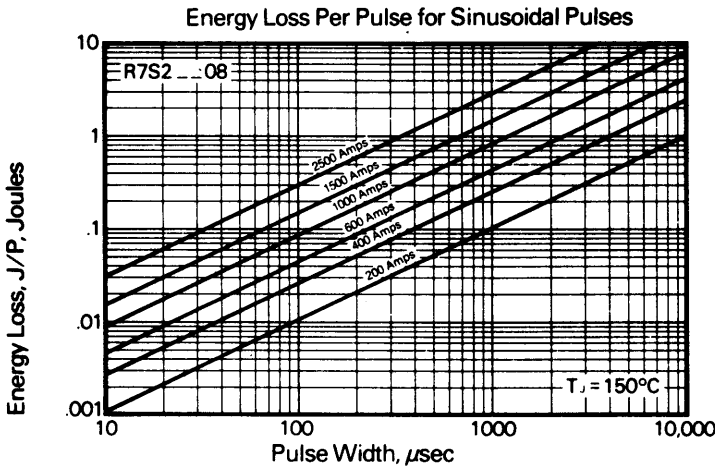
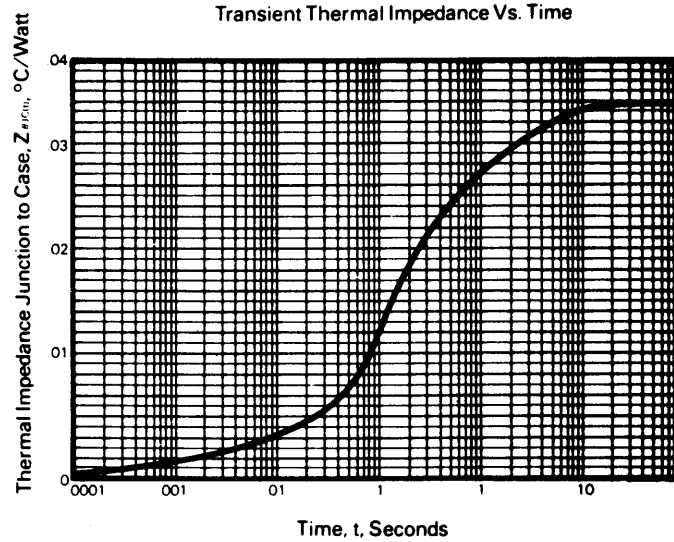
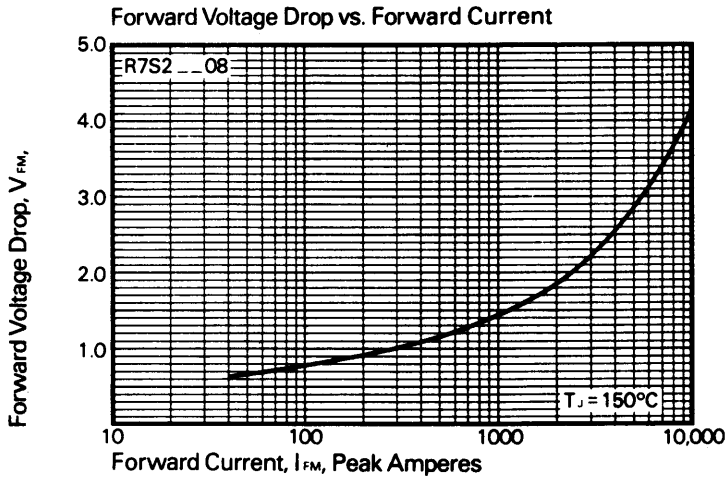
Typical Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Rate of Current Fall



Typical Ratio of Current Recovery to Rate of Current Fall



R7S2_08
Fast Recovery Rectifier
 800 Amperes Average, 2600 Volts



Calculation of Fast Recovery Diodes and Allowable Case Temperature

1. Conduction Losses

$$P_{av(\text{cond})} = J/P \times F$$

2. Reverse Recovery Losses (Approximate)

$$P_{av(\text{sw})} = 1/4 \times V_R \times \frac{di_R}{dt} \times T_{rr}^2 \times \left(\frac{1/s}{1 + 1/s} \right)^2 \times F \times 1 \times 10^{-6}$$

3. Maximum Allowable Case Temperature

$$T_{C(\text{max})} = T_j - (P_{av(\text{cond})} + P_{av(\text{sw})} \times R_{\theta(j-c)})$$

Where:

$P_{av(\text{cond})}$ = Forward Conduction Power Loss in Watts

$P_{av(\text{sw})}$ = Reverse Recovery Power Loss in Watts

J/P = Energy Loss per Pulse in Joules

F = Frequency in Hertz

V_R = Steady State Reverse Operating Voltage in Volts

di_R/dt = Rate of Decay of Forward Current in Amperes/ μsec

T_{rr} = Reverse Recovery Time in Microseconds

$\frac{1}{"S"}$ = Ratio of Recovery di/dt ($\frac{di_F/dt}{di_R/dt}$)

F = Operating Frequency in Hertz

$T_{C(\text{max})}$ = Maximum Allowable Case Temperature in $^\circ\text{C}$.

T_j = Maximum Operating Junction Temperature in $^\circ\text{C}$.

$R_{\theta(j-c)}$ = DC Junction to Case Thermal Impedance in $^\circ\text{C/Watt}$.